

Canadian Academy of Health Sciences Académie canadienne des sciences de la santé

Capacity and Costs of Dementia Care for the Informal Workforce

JANET FAST UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA



Janet Fast

CAHS FORUM ON DEMENTIA SEPTEMBER 17, 2015



- Vast majority of care is provided by family members and friends
 - > 28% of Canadians, 8.1 M, were caregivers in 2012
 - Provided 1.5 billion hours of care
 - ▷ Equivalent to the work of 1.2 million FT employees
 - ▷ More than 10 times the amount of paid care provided ¹
 - > 480,000 dementia care providers in 2012; averaged almost 14 hours/week of care
 - 1. Conference Board of Canada (2013). Home and Community Care in Canada: An Economic Footprint. Ottawa: author.

Janet Fast

The Family Dementia Care Workforce in 2012

Compared to the population of all caregivers, dementia care providers are:

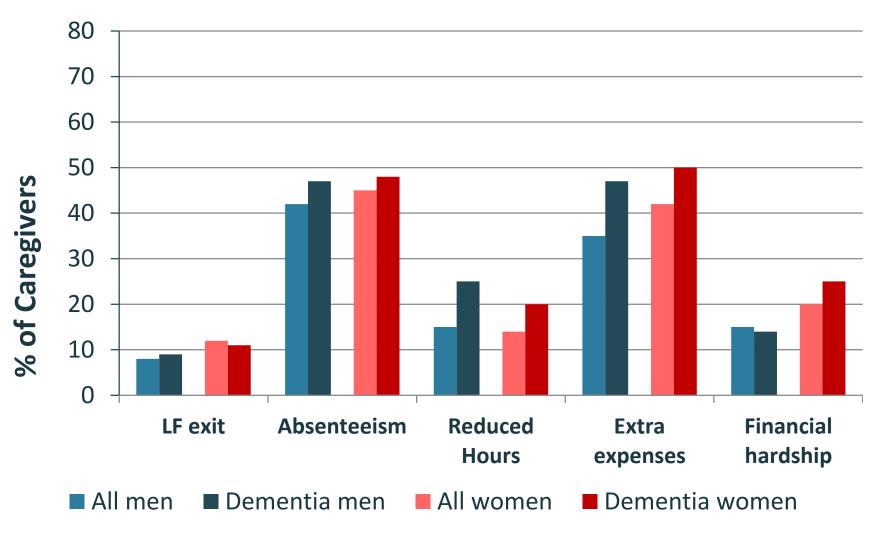
► Older

- Spending more time on care tasks
- More likely to be caring for parents
- Less likely to co-reside with the care receiver
- More likely to report many of the negative consequences

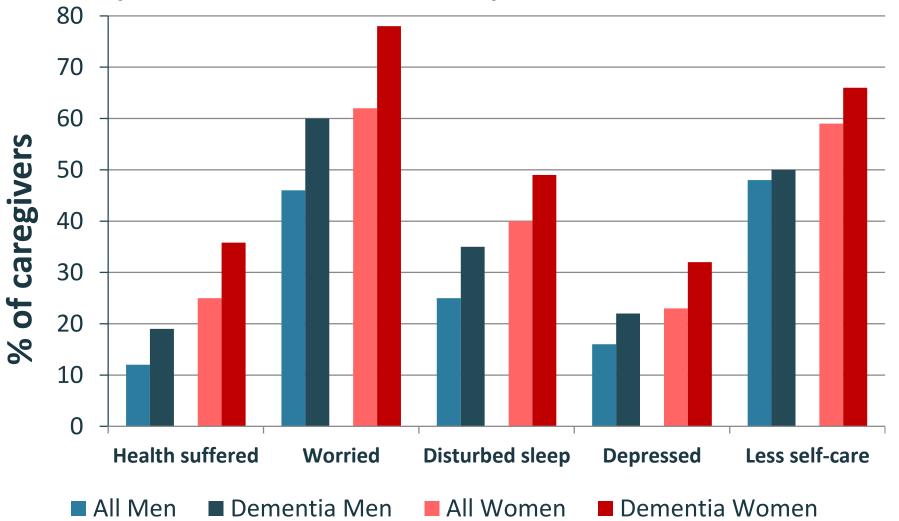


- To caregivers
 - Economic, health, social
- To other stakeholders
 Employers & labour market (productivity)
 Caregivers comprise 30-35% of the labour market
 Formal health & continuing care system (services for ill/injured CG; institutionalization of care receiver)

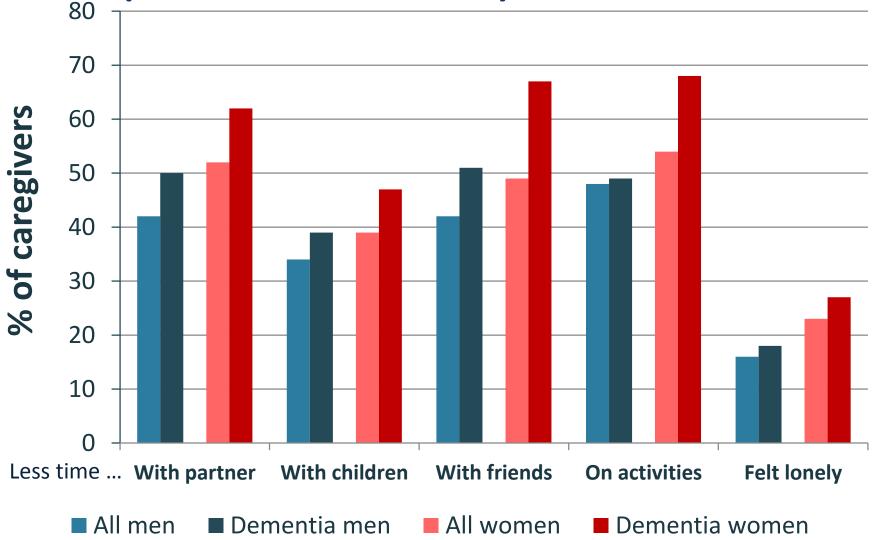
Financial Consequences (Last 12 Months)



Health Consequences (last 12 months)



Social Consequences (last 12 months)





Employers/labour market

- > 558,874 employees age 45+ lost (turnover) p.a.
 - Cost Canadian employers \$355 million in 2007¹
- > 9.7 million days of absenteeism (age 45+) p.a.
 - ▷ 10% of all absenteeism in Canada
 - Cost Canadian employers \$934 million in 2007¹
- > 4.9 million fewer hours worked p.a.(age 45+)
- Health benefit & other costs
- 1. Hermus, G., Stonebridge, C., Thériault, L. & Bounajm, F. (2012). Home and community care in Canada: An economic footprint. Ottawa: Conference Board of Canada.



- Health care services
 - CG seeking additional health care services
 - Family care reduces reliance on formal, publicly financed care services
 - Saves Canadian governments \$2,951 per male caregiver, \$2,075 per female caregiver, age 45+
 - ▷ Aggregate savings \$4.4 Billion¹

1. Jacobs, J.C., Lilly, M.B., Ng, C. & Coyte, P. (2013). The fiscal impact of informal caregiving to home care recipients in Canada: How the intensity of care influences costs and benefits to government. Social Science & Medicine, 81, 102-109.



For further information:

Dr. Janet Fast

Research on Aging, Policies and Practice (RAPP) 302 Human Ecology Building University of Alberta Edmonton, AB T6G 2N1 janet.fast@ualberta.ca (780) 492-2865 Image: http://www.rapp.ualberta.ca/